

IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Original) An organic electroluminescence element comprising:

a pair of electrodes, and

a light emitting layer provided between the pair of electrodes, the layer comprising a light-emitting-layer material, a first dopant and a second dopant that satisfy the following relations,

- (A) $EV_0 > EV_1$ and $EV_0 > EV_2$
- (B) $EC_0 \geq EC_2$
- (C) $EG_0 > EG_1$ and $EG_0 > EG_2$

wherein EV_0 , EV_1 and EV_2 are the valence electron levels of the light-emitting-layer material, the first dopant and the second dopant, respectively; EC_0 and EC_2 are the conduction levels of the light-emitting-layer material and the second dopant, respectively; and EG_0 , EG_1 and EG_2 are the energy gaps of the light-emitting-layer material, the first dopant and the second dopant, respectively.

2. (Original) An organic electroluminescence element comprising:

a pair of electrodes, and

a light emitting layer provided between the pair of electrodes, the layer comprising a light-emitting-layer material, a first dopant and a second dopant that satisfy the following relations,

- (A') $EV_0 > EV_1$ and $EV_0 > EV_2$
- (B') $EC_0 \geq EC_1$ and $EC_0 \geq EC_2$

wherein EV_0 , EV_1 and EV_2 are the valence electron levels of the light-emitting-layer material, the first dopant and the second dopant, respectively; and EC_0 , EC_1 and EC_2 are the conduction levels of the light-emitting-layer material, the first dopant and the second dopant, respectively.

3. (Original) An organic electroluminescence element according to claim 2, wherein both the first dopant and the second dopant emit light.

4. (Currently amended) An organic electroluminescence element according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the content of the first dopant and/or the second dopant is 20 wt% or less of entire the light emitting layer.

5. (Currently amended) An organic electroluminescence element according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the first dopant has a hole-injection-aiding property, and/or the second dopant has an electron-injection-aiding property.

6. (Currently amended) An organic electroluminescence element according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the difference between the valence electron level EV0 of the light-emitting-layer material and the valence electron level EV1 of the first dopant is 0.4 eV or less and/or the difference between the conduction level EC0 of the light-emitting-layer material and the conduction level EC2 of the second dopant is 0.4 eV or less.

7. (Currently amended) An organic electroluminescence element according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the molecular weight of at least one of the light-emitting-layer material, the first dopant and the second dopant is from 100 to 1,500.

8. (Currently amended) An organic electroluminescence element according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the glass-transition temperature of the light-emitting-layer material is 100°C or more.

9. (Currently amended) An organic electroluminescence element according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the first dopant or the second dopant is selected from styrylamine derivatives, condensed aromatic ring compounds and arylamine-substituted condensed aromatic ring compounds.

10. (Currently amended) An organic electroluminescence element according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the light-emitting-layer material comprises a compound having a hole transporting property and/or a compound having an electron transporting property.

11. (Currently amended) An organic electroluminescence element according to claim 1 or ~~2~~, wherein the light-emitting-layer material is selected from phenylanthracene derivatives, naphtylanthracene derivatives, diphenylanthracene derivatives, aromatic amine derivatives and metal complexes.

12. (Original) An organic electroluminescence element according to claim 11, wherein the phenylanthracene derivatives, the naphtylanthracene derivatives or the diphenylanthracene derivatives contain an alkenyl group.

13. (Currently amended) An organic electroluminescence element according to claim 1 or ~~2~~, further comprising a hole injecting layer between the anode and the light emitting layer; the hole injecting layer comprising a compound having a phenylenediamine structure.